



Global Wind Power Update Steve Sawyer, Secretary General China Windpower, 16 October, 2013



#### C0 Members









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C1, C2 and C3 Members



































#### **Associations**



































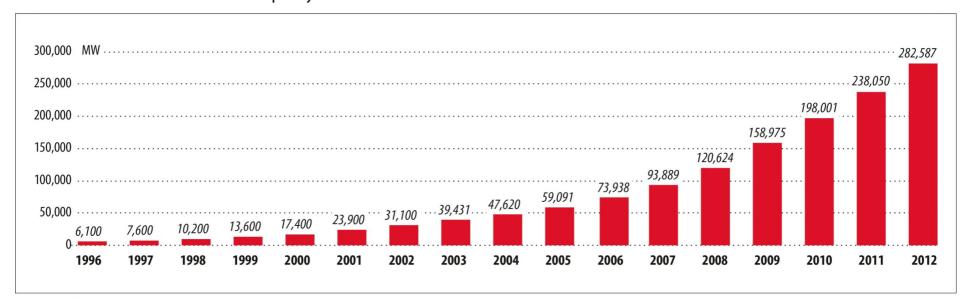
## Outline:

- 1. Status of global wind markets
- 3. Longer term projections
- 4. Challenges
- 5. New Markets
- 6. Conclusions and Looking Ahead



2012 growth: 18.8%

#### Global Cumulative Installed Wind Capacity 1996-2012

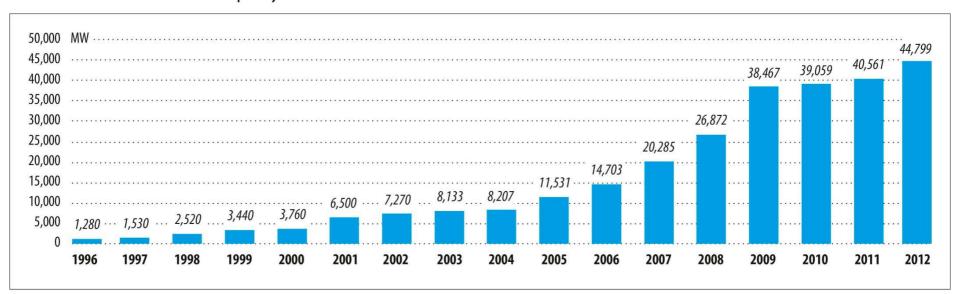


Source: GWEC



2012 growth: 10%

#### Global Annual Installed Wind Capacity 1996-2012

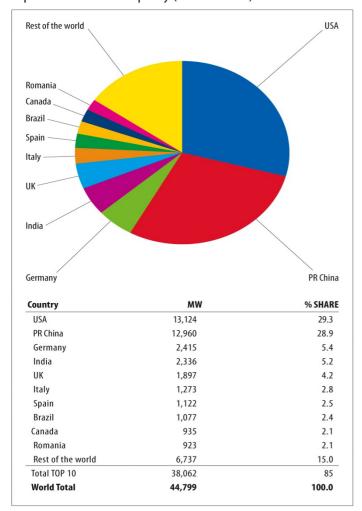


Source: GWEC

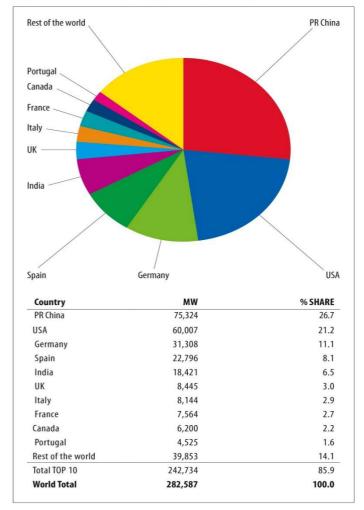
16 yr avg growth: 26.5%



#### Top 10 New Installed Capacity (Jan-Dec 2012)



Top 10 Cumulative Capacity (December 2012)



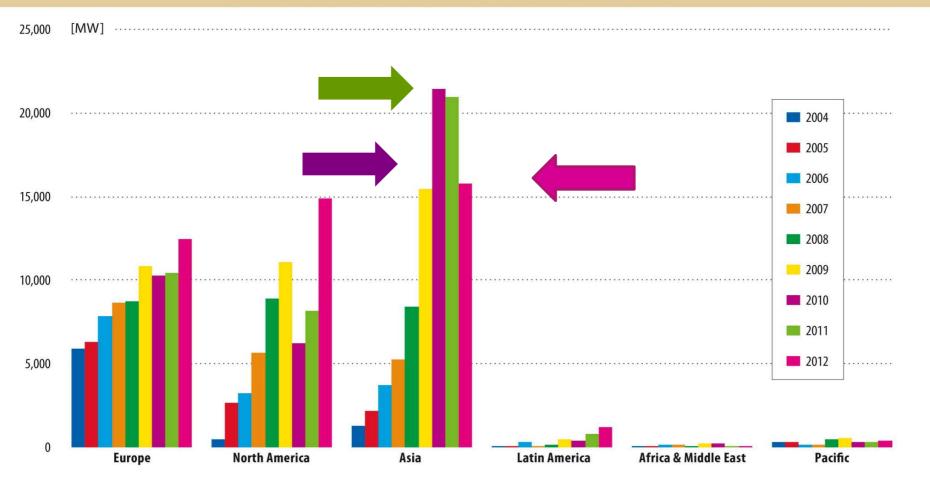
Source: GWEC Source: GWEC

London

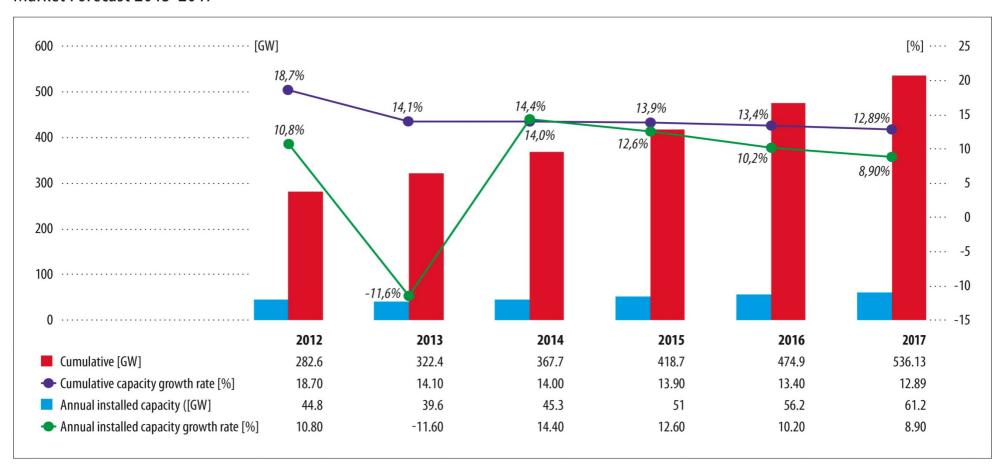
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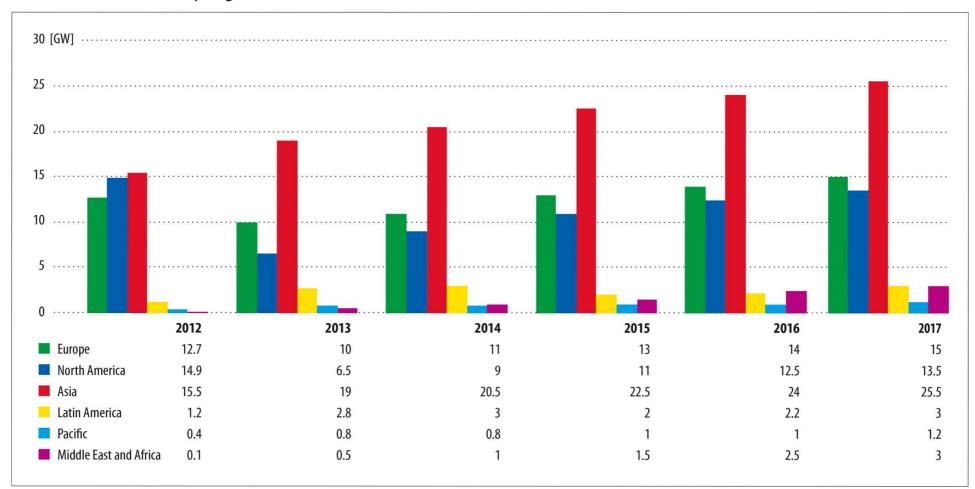


#### Market Forecast 2013-2017

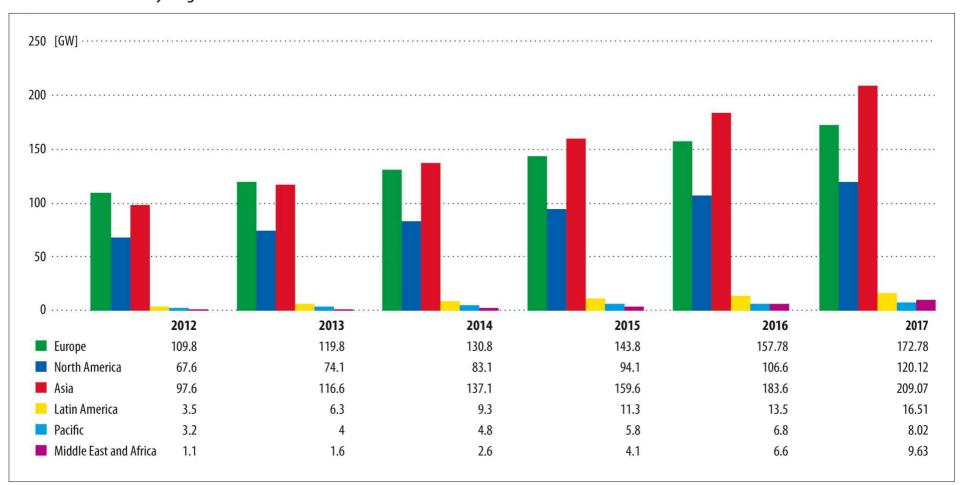




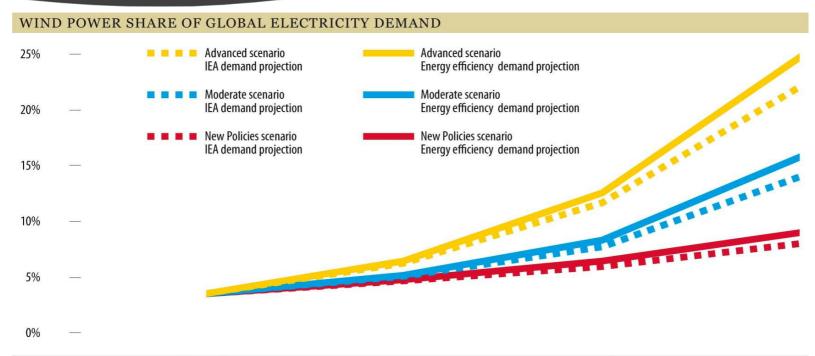
#### Annual Market Forecast by Region 2012-2017



#### Cumulative Market by Region 2012-2017



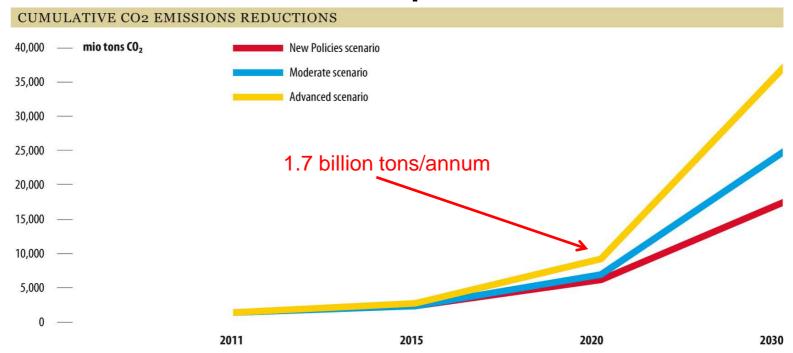




	2011	2015	2020	2030
New Policies scenario				
IEA demand projection	3.5%	4.7%	6.0%	8.0%
Energy efficiency demand projection	3.5%	4.8%	6.4%	9.0%
Moderate scenario				
IEA demand projection	3.5%	5.0%	7.7%	14.1%
Energy efficiency demand projection	3.5%	5.1%	8.3%	15.8%
Avanced scenario				
IEA demand projection	3.5%	6.3%	11.7%	22.1%
Energy efficiency demand projection	3.5%	6.4%	12.6%	24.8%



## **Climate Imperative**



ANNUAL AND CUMULATIVE CO2 EMISSIONS REDUCTIONS					
		2011	2015	2020	2030
New Policies scenario					
Annual CO2 savings	million tons	350	586	863	1,447
Cumulative CO2 savings	million tons	1,368	2,316	6,095	17,522
Moderate scenario					
Annual CO2 savings	million tons	350	626	1,118	2,550
Cumulative CO2 savings	million tons	1,368	2,411	6,958	24,979
Advanced scenario					
Annual CO2 savings	million tons	350	781	1,692	4,007
Cumulative CO2 savings	million tons	1,368	2,690	9,254	37,504



# How to get back on the high-growth track Short to medium term

- An end to the partisan bickering over energy policy in the US which creates the destructive boom-bust cycles in that critical market;
- Resolution of grid, certification, transparency and quality issues in China;
- Flushing the free allocations out of the European Emissions Trading System;
- A **re-vitalization of the carbon markets** the Kyoto Protocol's Clean Development Mechanism has more than 100 GW of wind energy projects in the pipeline, but...
- The political courage on the part of at least some governments to tackle the subsidies issue in the conventional energy sector; fossil fuel subsidies 2012 = \$110/tonne of CO2
- Perhaps most importantly, stable, bankable policy in as many national energy markets as possible.

### Challenges

- *Transforming* grids
- *Perceptions* of costs
- de-risking wind investments to attract (more) institutional investments;
- hydro-fracking, shale gas in the US; artificially low gas prices...
- Generally sluggish or negative demand growth in most of the OECD;
- How to work with solar PV rather than being pitted against them;

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#### **New Markets**

Latin America: Brazil and Mexico, followed by ...?

Africa: Egypt, Morocco and Tunisia coming

back...?; now Ethiopia, and Kenya(?)

South Africa underway.

Middle East: Jordan, Iran, Saudi Arabia...

Asia: Pakistan, Mongolia, Viet Nam,

Thailand, Sri Lanka. Japan & Korea

offshore?

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## Looking Ahead (1)

**2013 has been a tough year, 2014 will be better –** US recovers, China and India start to grow again, Brazil, Mexico, Canada continue to grow

**China, India –** modest recovery from 'off' 2012/13 – new markets in Asia begin to contribute

**Europe** – 2013 not as bad as projected, but increasing dependence on a few markets (Germany, UK, etc)

Latin America – Brazil plus...?

**Africa** – market 'returns' in Morocco, Tunisia...Egypt? South Africa moving ahead rapidly. Ethiopia plus other markets starting up.



## Looking Ahead (2)

## After recovery in 2014/15 rate of global growth will gradually slow until and unless:

- new markets fill the 'gap' left by lack of growth in OECD, or...
- OECD economy recovers, and/or
- new CO2 related legislation takes effect.

#### **Downward price pressure continues:**

- Oversupply and tough economic times mean margins are slashed to the bone and competition is fierce;
- 'Consolidation' in manufacturing sector underway and more to come.

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## Looking Ahead (3)

A global climate agreement will be fundamental for wind power to achieve its maximum potential, but for the short term:

#### **Uncertainty:**

- in international political landscape dearth of leadership
- in the future of the carbon markets intensive care
- in 'new' climate-related funds still imaginary

#### Focus on national/regional legislation and markets

Market drivers all still in place, and increasingly prominent: energy security; cost stability; macroeconomic security; local economic development and job creation; local environment and climate



Thank you!

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